Faculty of Indian Medical System Department of Samhitha Siddhanta

Research methodology and Medical statistics

Unit	Торіс	Domain	Time
No			(Hours)
			, , ,
1.	Brief historical background of research in	Nice to know	3
	Ayurved and contemporary medical science		
	Evidences of researches in ayurvedic classics		
2.	Etymology, definitions and synonyms	Must know	2
	(Anveshana,		
	Gaveshana, Prayeshana, Anusandhan and Shodha)		
	of the		
2	Word Research	NI: 1	2
3.	Research in Ayurved - Scope, need, importance,	Nice to know	2
1	Utility Types of Desserve (familiarization of the terms)	Must Imour	1
4.	a) Pure and Applied	Must know	4
	b) Qualitative Quantitative and Mixed		
	Observational and interventional		
5	Research process (Importance of each steps in	Must know	5
5.	hrief)	Widst Know	5
	a. Selection of the tonic		
	b. Review of the literature		
	c. Formulation of Hypothesis		
	d. Aims and Objectives		
	e. Materials and methods		
	f. Observations and results		
	g. Methods of communication of Research		
6.	Research tools – Role of the pramanas as research	Must know	2
	tools		
7.	The concept and importance of ethics in research	Must know	2
8.	Concept of Evidence Based Medicine and	Must know	2
	Scientific Writing		
9.	Importance of IT in data mining and important	Nice to know	3
	research data portals concerned with Ayurved		
	and contemporary medical science (DHARA,		
	Publied, Ayush Research Portal,		
	Informatic System atc.)		
10	Definition scope and importance of the Medical	Must know	2
10.	statistics	Widst Know	2
11	Common statistical terms and notations	Must know	2
12	a. Population	Must know	3
	b. Sample		5
	c. Data		
	d. Variable		
	e. Normal distribution		
13.	Collection and Presentation of data	Must know	3
	a. Tabular		

	b. Graphical		
	c. Diagrammatical		
14.	Measures of location	Must know	5
	a. Average		
	b. Percentile		
	Measures of Central Tendency		
	a. Arithmetic mean		
	b. Median		
	c. Mode		
15.	Variability and its measurement	Must know	3
	a. Range		
	b. Standard deviation		
	c. Standard error		
16.	Introduction to probability and test of significance	Must know	2
17.	Parametric and non parametric tests	Nice to know	3
18.	Introduction to commonly used statistical soft-	Nice to know	2
	wares		
	Total Teaching Hours		25

CURRICULUM PLANNING

Unit	Торіс	Learning objectives	Teaching	Methodolo	Time
No		(At the end of the	Guidelines	gy	(Hours)
		session the student			
		should be able to)			
1.	Brief historical	Historical background	Brief historical	Didactic	3
	background of	of research in	background of	Power Point	
	research in Ayurved.	Ayurved with	research in Ayurved	Presentation	
	and contemporary	evidence	and contemporary	SIS	
	medical science		medical science		
	Evidences of		Evidences of		
	researches in		researches in		
	ayurvedic classics		ayurvedic classics		
2.	Etymology, definitions	Derivation, definitions	Etymology,	Didactic	2
	and synonyms	and synonyms of the	definitions and	Power Point	
	(Anveshana,	word Research	synonymsof	Presentation	
	Gaveshana,		Research &		
	Prayeshana,		Anveshana,		
	Anusandhan and		Gaveshana,		
	Shodha) of the		Prayeshana,		
	word Research		Anusandhan and		
			Shodha their		
			definition		
3.	Research in Ayurved -	Scope, importance,	Research in	Didactic	2
	Scope need	need and utility of	avurveda its	Power Point	

	importance, utility	research in Ayurveda	evidence, proof, need, importance, need for research in ayurveda	Presentation Group discussion Students Seminar	
4.	Types of Research	Types of research	Types of research - familiarization of the terms a) Pure and Applied b) Qualitative , Quantitative and Mixed Observational and interventional	Didactic Power Point Presentation SIS Poster Presentation	4
5.	Research process (Importance of each steps in brief)	Research process definition, Steps involved in the process of research	Research process definition, Steps involved in the process of research a. Selection of the topic b. Review of the literature c. Formulation of Hypothesis d. Aims and Objectives e. Materials and methods f. Observations and results g. Methods of communication of Research	Didactic Power Point Presentation SIS	5
6.	Research tools	Materials and methods used and the tools used	Materials and methods used and the tools used, Role of the pramanas as research tools	Didactic Power Point Presentation Students Seminar SIS	2
7.	The concept and importance of ethics in research	Ethics, IEC, its constitution	Ehics, IEC, its constitution, No;of Meetings,materials and documents to be submitted to IEC, importance of ethics in research	Didactic Power Point Presentation	2
8.	Concept of Evidence Based Medicine and Scientific Writing	Scientific writing – definition, scope and importance	Importance of documentation and evidence based medicine, methods of documentation,	Didactic Power Point Presentation SIS	2

				scientific writing, tools used and methods		
	9.	Importance of IT in data mining and important research data portals	Importance of IT in data maintenance and sharing,important data portals like dhara,AYUSH	Importance of IT in data maintenance, methods of data entry and maintenance, Data Mining and important research data portals like DHARA , PubMed, Ayush Research Portal, Bioinformatics Center, Research Management Informatic System	Didactic Power Point Presentation Students Seminar	3
	10.	Definition, scope and importance of the Medical statistics	Definition of medical statistics	Definition, scope and importance of the Medical statistics, its evidence in ayurveda, Pramana as a tool	Didactic SIS Power Point Presentation	2
	11.	Common statistical terms and notations	Definition of common statistical terms	Definition of common statistical terms	Didactic Power Point Presentation	2
	12.	a. Population b. Sample c. Data d. Variable e. Normal distribution	a.Population b. Sample c. Data d. Variable e. Normal distribution	 a. Population : Selection, inclusion criteria, exclusion criteria. b. Sample: size, nature and area c. Data : what sort of data and duration of study, interval of collection of data d. Variable : e. Normal distribution 	Didactic Power Point Presentation Group Discussion	3
	13.	Collection and Presentation of data	Methods of collection and presentation of data with definition	Collection and Presentation of data. Where and when to use each type with example a. Tabular b. Graphical c. Diagrammatical	Didactic Power Point Presentation SIS Group Discussion	3
ſ	14.	Measures of location	Measures of location	Definition of	Didactic	5

	Measures of Central	Measures of Central	Measures of	Power Point	
	Tendency	Tendency with	location	Presentation	
		examples	a. Average	Case	
			b. Percentile	presentation	
			Measures of Central	1	
			Tendency		
			a. Arithmetic		
			mean		
			b. Median		
			c. Mode		
			with problems and		
			example		
15.	Variability and its	Definition of	Variability and its	Didactic	3
	measurement	Variability and its	measurement with	Power Point	-
		measurement	definition	Presentation	
		mousarement	a Range	1 resentation	
			h Standard		
			deviation		
			c Standard error		
16	Introduction to	Probability and	Definition of	Didactic	2
10.	probability and test of	various tests for	Probability and	Power Point	2
	significance	significance	significance	Presentation	
	significance	significance	Various tests for	Poster	
			significance like chi	Presentation	
			square test t test &	1 resentation	
			square usi, i usi a		
17	Parametric and non	Name and meaning of	Name and meaning	Didactic	3
1/.	narametric tests	narametric and non	of parametric and	Power Point	5
	parametric tests	parametric tests	non parametric tests	Presentation	
		parametric tests	with examples	1 resentation	
18	Introduction to	Names of Software	Names of Software	Didactic	2
10.	commonly used	and their utility in	and their utility in	Diudette Douvor Doint	2
	statistical soft waras	Stat	Stat basic	Dresentation	
	statistical soft-wafes	Stat	introduction to the	riesentation	
			have a f Statistical		
			usage of Statistical		
	Total Tasahing House		sonwares		25
	Total Teaching Hours				23

Reference books for Research methodology :

1. Dawson, Catherine, 2002, Practical Research Methods, New Delhi,

UBS Publishers' Distributors

2. Kothari, C.R., 1985, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques,

New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited.

3. Kumar, Ranjit, 2005, Research Methodology-A Step-by-Step Guide

for Beginners, (2nd.ed), Singapore, Pearson Education

Students guide to research methodology – Undergraduates.
 Alexandria Medical Students Association.

5. Health research methodology. A guide for training in research methods. 2nd edition. Manila, World Health Organization Regional Office for the Western Pacific, 2001.

Reference Books for statistics :

1. Health research methodology. A guide for training in research methods. 2nd edition. Manila, World Health Organization Regional Office for the Western Pacific, 2001.

2. Statistical methods in medical research. P.Armitage (Ed) Oxoford Blackwell

3. Statistical methods . Snedecor GW and Cochran, WG

4. Altman, D. G. (1991). Practical statistics for medical research.

London: ChapmanPrinciples of Medical Statistics by A. Bradford Hill

5. Interpretation and Uses of Medical Statistics by Leslie E Daly,

Geoffrey J Bourke, James MC Gilvray.

6. Research in Ayurveda-M S Baghel

7. research methodlogy in ayurveda-V.J.Thakar,Gujarat Ayurved University

8. Ayurveda anusandhan paddhati-P.V.Sharma

9.Research methodology methods and statistical techniques- Santosh Gupta. Greenhouse SW.

10.The growth and future of biostatistics: (A view from the 1980s). Statistics in Medicine 2003; 22:3323–3335.

11.Knapp GR & Miller MC. Clinical epidemiology and Biostatistics, NMS series Antonisamy B, Christopher S & Samuel PP. Biostatistics :

Principles and practice 12.Sundara Rao PSS & Richard J. An

introduction to Biostatistics, PHI

13.Senn S (1997). Statistical Issues in Drug Development. Chichester:

John Wiley & Sons.

14.Methods in Bio-statistics for Medical Students- BK Mahajan

15. Vaidyakeeya Sankhiki Shastra- Dr.S.S.Savrika

Note:

Total Marks 50 (Part A-30 and Part B- 20) Total teaching hours: 50 PART – A –Research Methodology Sl.No – 1-9 PART – B - Medical-Statistics – Sl.NO- 10- 18